



# Network Management & Monitoring

## Log Management



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# Syslog basics

## Uses UDP protocol, port 514

Syslog messages have two attributes  
(in addition to the message itself):

<u>Facility</u>		<u>Level</u>	
Auth	Security	Emergency	(0)
Authpriv	User	Alert	(1)
Console	Syslog	Critical	(2)
Cron	UUCP	Error	(3)
Daemon	Mail	Warning	(4)
Ftp	Ntp	Notice	(5)
Kern	News	Info	(6)
Lpr		Debug	(7)
Local0 ...Local7			

# Log Management and Monitoring

- Keep your logs in a secure place where they can be easily inspected.
- Watch your log files.
- They contain important information:
  - Lots of things happen and someone needs to review them.
  - It's not practical to do this manually.

# Log Management and Monitoring

## On your routers and switches

```
ep 1 04:40:11.788 INDIA: %SEC-6-IPACCESSLOGP: list 100 denied tcp  
79.210.84.154(2167) -> 169.223.192.85(6662), 1 packet
```

```
ep 1 04:42:35.270 INDIA: %SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console  
by pr on vty0 (203.200.80.75)
```

```
CI-3-TEMP: Overtemperature warning
```

```
ar 1 00:05:51.443: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Serial1, changed  
state to down
```

## And, on your servers

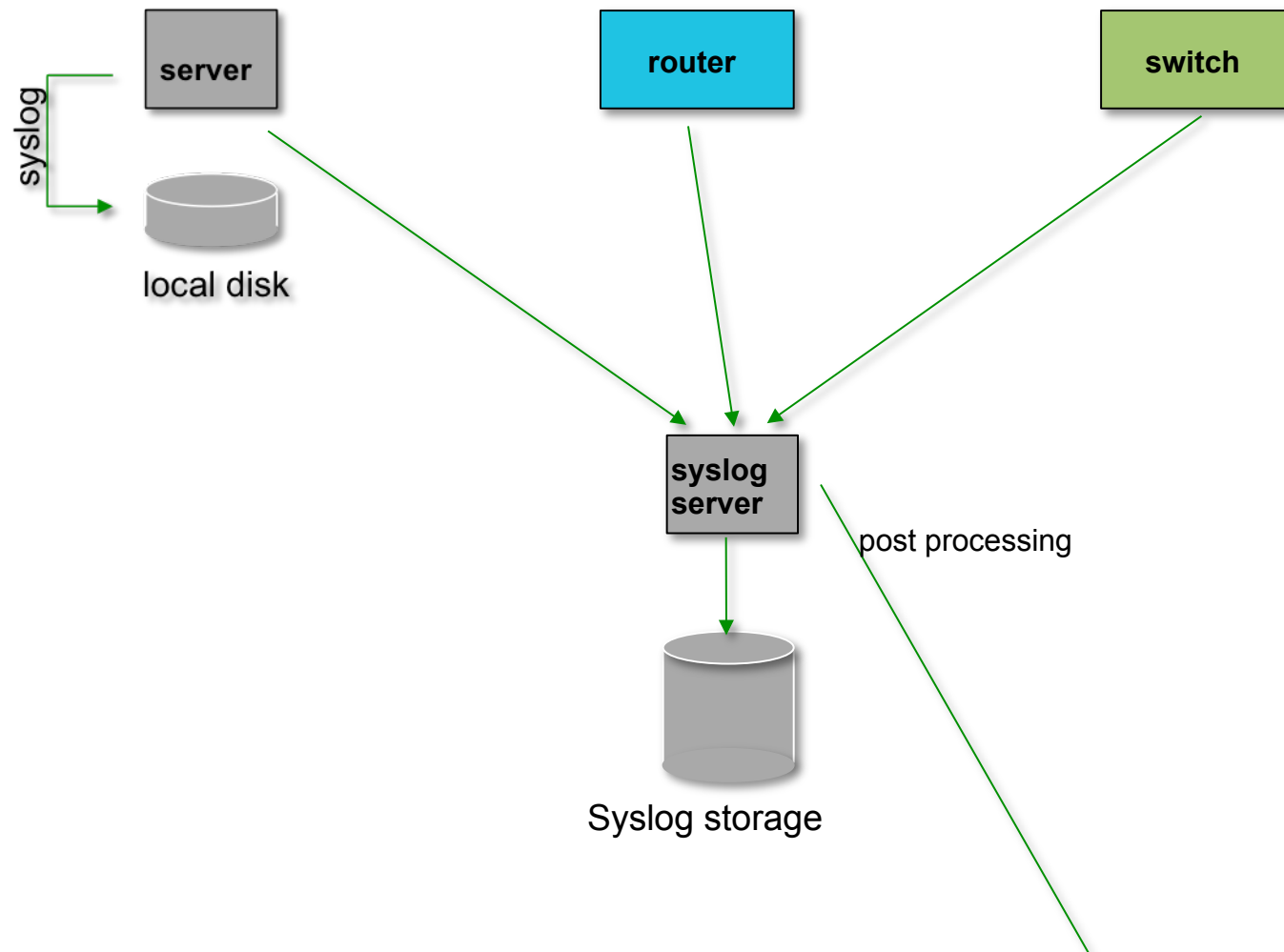
```
ug 31 17:53:12 ubuntu nagios3: Caught SIGTERM, shutting down...
```

```
ug 31 19:19:36 ubuntu sshd[16404]: Failed password for root from  
169.223.1.130 port 2039 ssh2
```

# Log Management

- Centralize and consolidate log files
- Send all log messages from your routers, switches and servers to a single node – a *log server*.
- All network hardware and UNIX/Linux servers can be monitored using some version of *syslog*.
- Windows can, also, use syslog with extra tools.
- Save a copy of the logs locally, but, also, save them to a central log server.

# Centralized logging



# Configuring centralized logging

## Cisco hardware

- At a minimum:
  - logging ip.of.logging.host

## Unix and Linux nodes

- In syslogd.conf, or in rsyslogd.conf, add:

```
*.* @ip.of.log.host
```

- Restart syslogd or rsyslogd

## Other equipment have similar options

- Options to control *facility* and *level*

# Receiving syslog messages

- Identify the *facility* that the equipment is going to use to send its messages.
- Reconfigure *syslogd* to listen to the network.

- Ubuntu: add "-r" to `/etc/default/syslogd`

- Add an entry to *syslogd* where messages are going to be written:

```
local7.* /var/log/routers
```

- Create the file

```
touch /var/log/routers
```

- Restart *syslogd*

```
/etc/init.d/syslogd restart
```



# Grouping logs

- Using *facility* and *level* you can group by category in distinct files.
- With software such as *syslog-ng* you can group by machine, date, etc. automatically in different directories.
- You can use *grep* to review logs.
- You can use typical UNIX tools to group and eliminate items that you wish to filter:

```
egrep -v '(list 100 denied|logging rate-limited)' mylogfile
```

- Is there a way to do this automatically?

# Tenshi

- Simple and flexible log monitoring tool
- Messages are classified into queues, using regular expressions
- Each queue can be configured to send a summary e-mail within a time period
  - E.g. You can tell Tenshi to send you a summary of all matching messages every 5 minutes to avoid cluttering your mailbox

# Sample Tenshi Configuration

```
set uid tenshi  
set gid tenshi
```

```
set logfile /log/dhcp
```

```
set sleep 5  
set limit 800  
set pager_limit 2  
set mailserver localhost  
set subject tenshi report  
set hidepid on
```

```
set queue dhcpd tenshi@localhost sysadmin@noc.localdomain [*/10 * * * *]
```

```
group ^dhcpd:  
dhcpd ^dhcpd: .+no free leases  
dhcpd ^dhcpd: .+wrong network  
group_end
```

# References & links

## Rsyslog

<http://www.rsyslog.com/>

## SyslogNG

<http://www.balabit.com/network-security/syslog-ng/>

## Windows Log to Syslog

<http://code.google.com/p/eventlog-to-syslog/>

<http://www.intersectalliance.com/projects/index.html>

## Tenshi

<http://www.inversepath.com/tenshi.html>

## Other software

<http://sourceforge.net/projects/swatch/>

<http://www.crypt.gen.nz/logsurfer>

<http://simple-evcorr.sourceforge.net/>

# Questions?

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